Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infection (CLABSI) is a major patient safety issue affecting high risk patients



Does your patient have a CLABSI?

- Laboratory confirmed bloodstream infection
- Central line in place for >48 hours



CLABSI can be **prevented** with effective surveillance and infection prevention and control strategies

> FIND OUT MORE AT: safetyandquality.gov.au/CLABSI

AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION ON SAFETY AND QUALITY IN HEALTH CARE