AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION ON SAFETY AND QUALITY IN HEALTH CARE



On the Radar

Issue 688 10 March 2025

On the Radar is a summary of some of the recent publications in the areas of safety and quality in health care. Inclusion in this document is not an endorsement or recommendation of any publication or provider. Access to particular documents may depend on whether they are Open Access or not, and/or your individual or institutional access to subscription sites/services. Material that may require subscription is included as it is considered relevant.

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On the Radar

Editor: Dr Niall Johnson

Books

Learning Health Systems

Elements of Improving Quality and Safety in Healthcare.

Foley T, Horwitz LI

Cambridge: Cambridge University Press; 2025. p. 44.

DOI	https://dx.doi.org/10.1017/9781009325912
Notes	This volume is the latest release in the Elements of Improving Quality and Safety in Healthcare series from The Healthcare Improvement Studies Institute (the THIS Institute) in Cambridge. This volume looks at the concept of learning health systems. Common to the various approaches is 'a learning cycle of capturing data from practice, turning it into knowledge, and putting knowledge back into practice'. Among the conclusions drawn, the authors observe: 'A learning health system is not another healthcare improvement method. Instead, it is the development of systematic organisational capabilities that enable the routine deployment of multiple improvement methods. a learning health system depends on:

developing a learning community who can champion the work and foster mutual learning
 explicitly recognising the influence of multiple sociotechnical domains and the crucial role played by institutional culture
 harnessing data effectively but cautiously, with attention to data quality and gaps
 embedding a variety of healthcare improvement and research techniques into routine care
avoiding oversimplification while valuing complexity.
The complexity of healthcare organisations means that no two learning health systems
will be the same.'

Reports

Health and care workforce planning tools: A rapid review Human Resources for Health Observer Series No. 29 World Health Organization

Geneva: WHO; 2025.

URL	https://iris.who.int/handle/10665/380622	
Notes	This document from the WHO reports on a review of nearly 100 health and care workforce (HCWF) planning tools and approaches. The review sought to inform the development of a HCWF planning toolkit. The report states that 'analysis revealed that no single tool emerges as "ideal," and that users 'need to understand the strengths and limitations relevant to each tool to be able to identify the most appropriate HCWF planning tool, considering their context and requirements.'	

Journal articles

Women who experience heavy menstrual bleeding: prevalence and characteristics from young adulthood to midlife, Australia, 2000–2021: a longitudinal cohort survey study

Wilson L, Copp T, Hickey M, Jenkinson B, Jordan SJ, Thompson R, et al. Medical Journal of Australia. 2025;222(4):191-197.

DOI https://doi.org/10.5694/mja2.52596 Paper reporting on a study that sought to 'estimate the prevalence of heavy menstrual bleeding among Australian women from young adulthood to midlife (22–48 years) and investigate the characteristics of women who experience this condition'. In this longitudinal cohort survey study, it was reported that 'The prevalence of sometimes or often experiencing heavy menstrual bleeding increased from 17.6% at age 22 years Notes (124 of 691 respondents) to 32.1% at 48 years (359 of 1132 respondents); the proportion who reported often experiencing the condition increased from 6.1% (45 participants) to 12.1% (136 participants).' The authors note that 'Heavy menstrual bleeding was reported by large minorities of women of reproductive age, and the proportion increased with age. Many women experience symptoms that have a substantial impact on their physical and mental health related quality of life'.	Edicar Journal of Mustralia. 2025,222(4).171-177.		
bleeding among Australian women from young adulthood to midlife (22–48 years) and investigate the characteristics of women who experience this condition'. In this longitudinal cohort survey study, it was reported that 'The prevalence of sometimes or often experiencing heavy menstrual bleeding increased from 17.6% at age 22 years (124 of 691 respondents) to 32.1% at 48 years (359 of 1132 respondents); the proportion who reported often experiencing the condition increased from 6.1% (45 participants) to 12.1% (136 participants).' The authors note that 'Heavy menstrual bleeding was reported by large minorities of women of reproductive age, and the proportion increased with age. Many women experience symptoms that have a	DOI	https://doi.org/10.5694/mja2.52596	
substantial impact on their physical and mental health-related quality of the.	Notes	bleeding among Australian women from young adulthood to midlife (22–48 years) and investigate the characteristics of women who experience this condition'. In this longitudinal cohort survey study, it was reported that 'The prevalence of sometimes or often experiencing heavy menstrual bleeding increased from 17.6% at age 22 years (124 of 691 respondents) to 32.1% at 48 years (359 of 1132 respondents); the proportion who reported often experiencing the condition increased from 6.1% (45 participants) to 12.1% (136 participants).' The authors note that 'Heavy menstrual bleeding was reported by large minorities of women of reproductive age, and the	

For information on the updated 2024 *Heavy Menstrual Bleeding Clinical Care Standard* and related resources, see https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/standards/clinical-care-standard

Social Media Posts About Medical Tests With Potential for Overdiagnosis Nickel B, Moynihan R, Gram EG, Copp T, Taba M, Shih P, et al JAMA Network Open. 2025;8(2):e2461940.

DOI	https://doi.org/10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2024.61940	
	A few years there was concern about the role of 'Dr Google'. More recently, with the emergence of various social media platforms and the role of "influencers" concerns about the quality and accuracy of medical information have focused on these	
Notes	platforms. This paper reports on an Australian study that examined social media posts 'that discussed full-body magnetic resonance imaging, the multicancer early detection test, and tests for antimullerian hormone, gut microbiome, and testosterone'. The study examined '982 posts from account holders with a combined 194 200 000 followers' and found that 'most posts were misleading or failed to mention important	
	harms, including overdiagnosis or overuse.'	

Failure to Rescue Female Patients Undergoing High-Risk Surgery Wagner CM, Joynt Maddox KE, Ailawadi G, Ibrahim AM JAMA Surgery. 2025;160(1):29-36.

DOI	https://doi.org/10.1001/jamasurg.2024.4574	
Notes	Paper reporting on a study that sought to examine why female patients die more often than male patients after high-risk surgery. This US study was a retrospective cohort study of 863 305 Medicare beneficiaries undergoing high-risk vascular or cardiac surgical procedures in 2015 to 2020. The study found that while complication rates were similar, 30-day mortality and failure-to-rescue rates were higher for female patients. The authors observe that 'Improving the recognition and management of female patients' complications postoperatively may narrow the sex disparity after high-risk surgery.'	

Patient Safety Events Among People from Ethnic Minority Backgrounds: A Retrospective Medical Record Review of Australian Cancer Services

Chauhan A, Joseph K, Chin M, Pitcher M, Wilson C, Manias E, et al Journal of Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities. 2025.

DOI	https://doi.org/10.1007/s40615-025-02318-8	
Notes	Paper reporting on a study examining 'patient safety events occurring in cancer care among patients from ethnic minority background'. The study was a two-stage retrospective medical record review conducted at four cancer services in two Australian states in which 628 patient records were examined. The authors report finding: • f the 628 patient records, 212 (33.75%) documented at least one safety event. • A total of 410 safety events were documented in the 212 patient records. • Medication-related safety events were most commonly documented (121/410, 29.5%), followed by clinical process/procedure-related safety events (76/410, 18.5%) and patient accidents (60/410, 14.6%).	
	 The occurrence of a safety event was associated with patient records that documented 'no interpreter was required'. The authors concluded 'Unsafe cancer care for this population is associated with inadequate use of interpreters, lack of shared understanding and expectations of care processes linked to cultural and linguistic barriers.' 	

A future for the hospital-in-the-home (HITH) deteriorating patient: shifting the paradigm Cubitt M, Lim S

Medical Journal of Australia. 2025;222(4):168-171.

Supporting older people through Hospital at Home care: a systematic review of patient, carer and healthcare professionals' perspectives

Wong A, Cooper C, Evans CJ, Rawle MJ, Walters K, Conroy SP, et al Age and Ageing. 2025;54(2):afaf033.

Comparison of hospitalisation settings and exercise interventions in acute care: a systematic review and meta-analysis Etayo-Urtasun P, Sáez de Asteasu ML, Izquierdo M Age and Ageing. 2025;54(2):afaf035.

Why is implementing remote monitoring in virtual wards (Hospital at Home) for people living with frailty so hard? Qualitative interview study

Lindsay RK, Cunnington P, Dixon-Woods M

	ng. 2025;54(1):afaf003.	
80 4114 11501	Cubitt and Lim https://doi.org/10.5694/mja2.52588	
DOI	Wong et al https://doi.org/10.1093/ageing/afaf033	
	Etayo-Urtasun et al https://doi.org/10.1093/ageing/afaf035	
	Lindsay et al https://doi.org/10.1093/ageing/afaf003	
	A number of articles looking at aspect of Hospital-in-the-home (HITH) or	
	Hospital at Home (HaH) approaches.	
Notes	Cubitt and Lim examine the challenge of recognising and responding to clinical deterioration in patients in HITH models of care. It is observed that 'Safely upscaling HITH models of care requires integration of 24/7 HITH-suitable systems to manage deteriorating patients. Accountability to these systems will mitigate the risk of unintended burden on patients, caregivers, clinicians and existing services, such as ambulance and emergency departments.'	
	Wong et al offer a systematic review of the literature on UK patient, carer and healthcare professionals' perspectives on these models of care. Focused on 20 studies, the authors report the studies 'were largely positive' and identified 'benefits including home familiarity, enabling person-centred care and shared decision-making and provision of family carer support'. The challenges identified 'included staff accessibility, patient and carer anxieties regarding the safety of virtual wards, coordination across sectors and older people using technology.'	
	Etayo-Urtasun et al sought to compare inpatient hospitalisation and HAH in terms of functional outcomes and the efficacy of exercise interventions. The authors report that 'Findings suggest that HaH may positively affect functional and cognitive outcomes. Inpatient exercise interventions significantly improved physical performance and functional independenceat discharge.'	
	Lindsay et al examined the challenges in implementing remote monitoring for people living with frailty. From their qualitative study with 42 stakeholders in the UK, the authors found that 'Implementing remote monitoring in frailty virtual wards is challenged by lack of consensus on its suitability for this population, the extent and nature of change in clinical practices and work systems design required, and issues relating to equipment and standardisation. More co-design effort is needed to inform decision-making on remote monitoring for those with frailty.'	

Care home quality and 'inappropriate' emergency healthcare use—failing to engage with complexity Harrad-Hyde F, Burton JK

Age and Ageing. 2025;54(2):afaf030.

DOI	https://doi.org/10.1093/ageing/afaf030	
Notes	Paper examining the use of emergency care by care home residents. The authors examine the framing of some of this as being inappropriate or avoidable. They suggest that there be a greater appreciation of 'the complexity involved in providing healthcare support to people living in care homes'.	

What makes health systems resilient? An analytical framework drawing on European learnings from the COVID-19 pandemic based on a multitiered approach

Reiss M, Kraus M, Riedel M, Czypionka T BMJ Public Health. 2024;2(1):e000378.

DOI	https://doi.org/10.1136/bmjph-2023-000378			
	Paper reporting on a study that sought to 'develop a comprehensive analytical			
	framework on health system resilience in the context of pandemics'. From the			
	'multitiered' approach the authors have proposed an analytical framework that has a structural dimension distinguishing between prerequisites focussing on capacities and structures and response strategies for times of crisis. These dimensions are 'divided			
	into six building blocks that were adapted from the WHO health system framework:			
	governance and leadership, information and research, financing, physical resources,			
	numan resources, and service delivery.'			
	·			
		TEM RESILIENCE:		
	PREREQUISITES B S RESPONSI	E STRATEGIES		
	GOVERNANCE - Vertical and horizontal governance in practice - Jertical and horizontal governance in practice - Implementation of specific measures & LEADERSHIP - Involvemental and engagement of communities - Process change management			
	- Legal framework - Vertical and horizontal governance in practice - Alignment of public and private sector - Institutional and organisational learning culture - Emergency plans and taskforces - Emergency plans and taskforces - ResPONS RESPONS RESPONS RESPONS - Introduction of regulations - Implementation of specific measures - Process change management - International coordination			
Notes	- information and communication systems across stakeholders	stakeholders		
11000	NFORMATION - Monitoring and surveillance systems - Provision of information to the public - Transfer of knowledge between research - Research and evidence support system			
	INFORMATION 8. RESEARCH - Information and communication systems to the public - Monitoring and surveillance systems - Data and data infrastructure - Research and evidence support system - Digital technologies - General financing structure - Collection of funds - Pooling of sods and services - Health crucarge - Health crucarge - Research and evidence support system - Financial safeguarding of continued health crucarge - Research and evidence support system - Financial safeguarding of information flow across - Pooling of funds - Pooling of funds - Pooling of funds - Pooling of funds - Pooling of sods and services - Health crucarge - Real function of funds - Pooling of f			
	- General financing structure - Collection of funds - Collection of funds - Provision of funds - Provision of funds - Provision of funds			
	- Pour lasting of goods and services - Purchasing of goods and services - Health coverage - Financial safeguarding of continued heal			
	- Information on availability of resources			
	PHYSICAL RESOURCES RESOURCES - Information on availability of resources - Capital infrastructure - Medical goods - Procurement, stockpiling and distribution			
	PHYSICAL RESOURCES - Information on availability of resources - Capital infrastructure - Medical goods - Reallocation/reorganisation/expansion (- Procurement, stockpiling and distribution) - Information on availability of resources - Information on availability of resources			
	HUMAN - Workforce planning (micro and macro level) - Reallocation/expansion of human resou	rces		
	RESOURCES - Concaton and training - Training intersortes - Support measures - Support measures - Support measures - Social support system			
	- Social support system SERVICE DELIVERY - Disposition and flexibility to adopt novel care approaches - Coordination across sectors and stakeholders - Avareness for and application of infection protection measures - Avareness for and application of infection protection measures - Routine surveillance of infectious diseases - Accessibility - Trovision of goods and services for infection - Accessibility - Trovision of goods and services for infection - Introduction of specific infection protection protection - Introduction of specific infection prote			
	SERVICE - Coordination across sectors and stakeholders - Definition of care pathways for infected - Awareness for and application of infection protection measures - Safeguarding continued provision of emergency - Routine surveillance of infectious diseases - Routine surveillance of infectious diseases	ergency and routine care ition control		
	- Accessibility			
	ACTION AREAS Public health ● Primary care ● Secondary care ● Long-term care			
	Public health ◆ Primary care ◆ Secondary care ◆ Long-ter	in eare		

Health Affairs

Volume 44, Number 3, March 2025

tunic 44, Number 3, March 2023		
URL https://www.healthaff	https://www.healthaffairs.org/toc/hlthaff/44/3	
Private Equity, Child F Demographic V Ivermectin Us Sitaram Vangal Craff, A Mark Estimated Savi To All Comme Ballreich, Anto First-In-Class US And Europ Changes In Bio (Adam J N Ray Physician Tur Practices (Yash	Affairs has been published with a theme of 'Pharmaceuticals, Iealth & more'. Articles in this issue of Health Affairs include: Variation In US Outpatient Hydroxychloroquine And Se During The COVID-19 Pandemic (Michelle S Rockwell, a, Michael Hadfield, Jonathan Cantor, Dale Skinner, Melody Fendrick, Cheryl L Damberg, Katherine Kahn, and N Mafi) mgs From Extending Prescription Drug Inflationary Rebates recial Plans (Marissa B Reitsma, Stacie B Dusetzina, Jeromie M mio J Trujillo, and Michelle M Mello) Drugs Experienced Different Regulatory Treatment In The e (Jihye Han and Aaron S Kesselheim) Pologic Drug Revenues After Administrative Patent Challenges makers, Victor L Van de Wiele, A S Kesselheim, and S S Tu) Prover Increased In Private Equity—Acquired Physician aswini Singh, Geronimo Bejarano Cardenas, Hamid urga Borkar, and Christopher M Whaley)	

•	Continuous Eligibility Policies And CHIP Structure Affected Children's Coverage Loss During Medicaid Unwinding (Erica Eliason, Daniel Nelson,
	and Aditi Vasan)
•	When The Color Line Meets The Borderline: Health Insurance Coverage
	Among Black Immigrant Adults In The US (E Nwankwo and M Pastor)
•	Growth Of Chronic Condition Special Needs Plans Among Dual-Eligible Beneficiaries, 2011–24 (Rebekah I Stein, Yanlei Ma, Jessica Phelan, Eric T
	Roberts, Kenton J Johnston, E John Orav, and José F Figueroa)
•	Dialysis Facility Participation In Medicare Advantage Networks Was
	Highest For Large Dialysis Organizations In 2021 (Eunhae Grace Oh, Joan F
	Brazier, Emily A Gadbois, Denise A Tyler, Laura M Keohane, David J Meyers,
	Momotazur Rahman, Kevin H Nguyen, and Amal N Trivedi)
•	Socioeconomically Disadvantaged Groups May Have Underused The
	Emergency Department For Nonavoidable Visits, 2018–22 (Richard K
	Leuchter, Melody Craff, Sitaram Vangala, Chi-Hong Tseng, Julia Cave
	Arbanas, Cyrus Tabatabai-Yazdi, Michael Hadfield, Dale Skinner, Cheryl L
	Damberg, Catherine A Sarkisian, John N Mafi, and Katherine L Kahn)
•	Asian American, Native Hawaiian, And Pacific Islander Population
	Group Representation In The US Health Workforce (Emmeline Ha, Finn
	Dobkin, Maria Portela Martinez, Jordan Herring, and Edward Salsberg)
•	The Indian Health Service Is Associated With Higher-Quality Perinatal Care
	For American Indian And Alaska Native People (Julia D Interrante, Jessica L
	Liddell, E C Sheffield, H A Baker, D Gartner, and K Backes Kozhimannil)
•	Arkansas Medical Marijuana Certifications: Higher-Volume Physicians
	Associated With Less Evidence Of Care Coordination (Joseph W Thompson,
	Brad Martin, Anthony Goudie, Nichole Stanley, K Noori, and T Hudson)
•	Association Between Telehealth Initiation Of Stimulant Therapy And
	New Substance Use Disorder Diagnoses (Joanne Constantin, Sean Esteban
	McCabe, Emily Pasman, Timothy Wilens, and Kao-Ping Chua)
•	A Stronger Safety Net For The Nation's Workforce (Kumara Raja Sundar)
	Trought out of the round women (ramara raja dandar)

Health Policy Volume 153, March 2025

URL	https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/health-policy/vol/153
	A new issue of <i>Health Policy</i> has been published. Articles in this issue of <i>Health Policy</i>
	include:
	The development of a discrete choice experiment: Investigating pharmacy
	selection in New Zealand (James Nind, Carlo A. Marra, Shane Scahill,
	Damien Mather, Alesha Smith)
	• Health care provider payment schemes and their changes since 2010 across nine Central and Eastern European countries – a comparative analysis
Notes	(Costase Ndayishimiye, Marzena Tambor, Daiga Behmane, Antoniya Dimova, Katarzyna Dubas-Jakóbczyk)
	How and why do health system factors influence general dentists' participation
	in publicly funded, contracted primary dental care services : A realist review
	(Paul Leavy, Sophie Mulcahy Symmons, David Mockler, Pádraic Fleming,
	Sara Burke)
	Classifying the WHO European countries by noncommunicable diseases
	and risk factors (Tevfik Bulut)

• Regulatory approaches towards AI Medical Devices : A comparative study of the United States, the European Union and China (Daolu Tang, Xuezhi Xi,
Yong Li, Meiling Hu)
Inequality in COVID-19 vaccine acceptance and uptake: A repeated cross-
sectional analysis of COVID vaccine acceptance and uptake in 13 countries
(Zachary DV Abel, Laurence SJ Roope, Raymond Duch, S Cole, P M Clarke)
Understanding private equity-owned HHAs in the U.S.: A performance
comparison between pe-owned and non-pe-owned agencies (Mohammad
Ishtiaque Rahman)

Health Policy Volume 154, April 2025

mume 154, 1	15111 2023
URL	https://www.sciencedirect.com/journal/health-policy/vol/154
Notes	A new issue of <i>Health Policy</i> has been published. Articles in this issue of <i>Health Policy</i>
	include:
	Needs of non-pharmacological management versus sedation or general
	anesthesia for dental treatment in older adults with special needs: A
	systematic review (Kamheang Vacharaksa, Ticha Thongrakard, A Vacharaksa)
	Public versus private access in the Italian NHS - The use of propensity
	score matching to provide more insight on the increasing adoption of
	voluntary health insurance (Elenka Brenna)
	Avoidable visits to UK emergency departments from the patient
	perspective: A recursive bivariate probit approach (Chiara Calastri, John Buckell, Romain Crastes dit Sourd)
	Determinants and associated costs of unmet healthcare need and their
	association with resource allocation. Insights from Finland (Lien Nguyen,
	Unto Häkkinen)
	• Immigrants' self-perceived barriers to healthcare: A systematic review of
	quantitative evidence in European countries (Chiara Allegri, Elisa Barbiano di
	Belgiojoso, Stefania Maria Lorenza Rimoldi)
	• The 2017 reform to medical specialty training in Czechia: Exploring student
	career preferences (Lenka Šlegerová, Lucie Bryndová, Petr Michenka, M Kočí)
	 Unveiling patterns and drivers of immigrant health integration policies: A model-based cluster and panel data analysis in MIPEX countries (C Chow)
	Health economic evaluation evidence of interventions for peripartum
	depression: A scoping review (Gülcan Tecirli, Mehtap Çakmak Barsbay, Greg
	Sheaf, Nurettin Öner, Annette Bauer)

BMJ Quality & Safety online first articles

URL	https://qualitysafety.bmj.com/content/early/recent
	BMJ Quality & Safety has published a number of 'online first' articles, including:
	 Association of volume and prehospital paediatric care quality in
	emergency medical services: retrospective analysis of a national sample
	(Sriram Ramgopal, Caleb E Ward, Rebecca E Cash, Christian Martin-Gill,
Notes	Kenneth A Michelson)
	Editorial: Using data science to improve patient care: rethinking clinician
	responsibility (Irene Grossmann, Perla J Marang-van de Mheen)
	The problem with the existing reporting standards for adverse event and
	medical error research (Christopher R Carpenter, Richard T. Griffey, Anne W

S Rutjes, Maria Unbeck, Lee M Adler, David C Stockwell, David Classen SESAME Statement Development Team)
1 /
• Psycholinguistic tests predict real-world drug name confusion error rates: a
cross-sectional experimental study (Bruce L Lambert, Scott Ryan Schroeder,
William L. Galanter, Gordon D. Schiff, Allen J Vaida, Michael J Gaunt,
Michelle Bryson Opfermann, Christine Rash Foanio, Suzanne Falck, N Mirea)
• Impact of hospitals' LGBTQ+ inclusion efforts on patient satisfaction
from 2016 to 2023: a retrospective longitudinal observational study (Hyunmin
Yu, Matthew D McHugh, José A Bauermeister, Tari Hanneman, H Brom)

International Journal for Quality in Health Care online first articles

URL	https://academic.oup.com/intqhc/advance-articles
	International Journal for Quality in Health Care has published a number of 'online first' articles, including:
Notes	• Determinants of quality in the independent and public hospital sectors in England (Harriet Bullen, Vasudha Wattal, Rachel Meacock, Matt Sutton)
	• Look-Alike, Sound-Alike Medication Perioperative Incidents in a Regional Australian Hospital: Assessment using a Novel Medication Safety Culture Assessment Tool (A N Ryan, K L Robertson, B D Glass)

Online resources

Australian Living Evidence Collaboration

https://livingevidence.org.au/

Residential Aged Care Communiqué

https://www.thecommuniques.com/post/residential-aged-care-communiqu%C3%A9-volume-20-issue-1-february-2025

Volume 20, Issue 1, February 2025

This issue of Residential Aged Care Communiqué examines how workforce issues impact resident safety and quality of care through three separate cases.

Guidance

A number of guidelines or guidance have recently been published or updated. These include:

• National consensus statement on opioid agonist treatment in custodial settings https://doi.org/10.5694/mja2.52603

USA] Effective Health Care Program reports

https://effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/

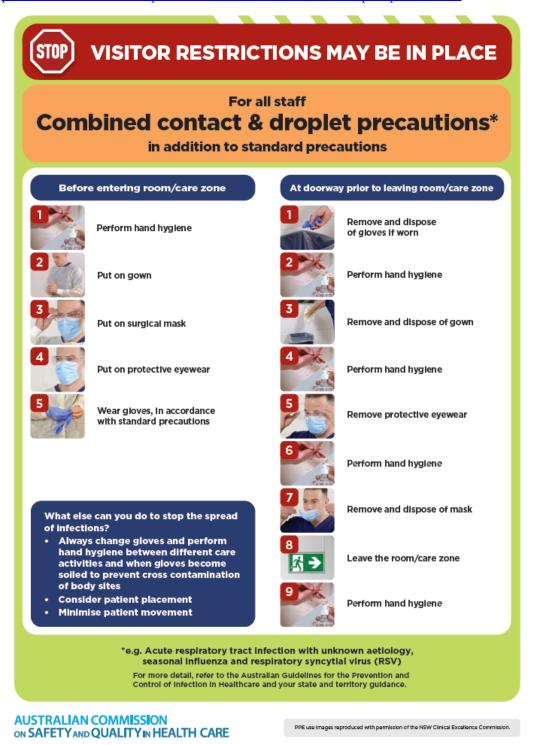
The US Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) has an Effective Health Care (EHC) Program The EHC has released the following final reports and updates:

- Mental Health and Occupational Stress in the Emergency Medical Services and 911 Workforces https://effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/products/ems-911-workforce-mental-health/research
- Association of Digestible Carbohydrate Intake With Cardiovascular Disease, Type 2 Diabetes, Obesity, and Body Composition https://effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/products/effect-dietary-digestible/research

Infection prevention and control and COVID-19 resources

The Australian Commission on Safety and Quality in Health Care has developed a number of resources to assist healthcare organisations, facilities and clinicians. These resources include:

Poster – Combined contact and droplet precautions
https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/publications-and-resources/resource-library/infection-prevention-and-control-poster-combined-contact-and-droplet-precautions



Poster – Combined airborne and contact precautions

https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/publications-and-resources/resource-library/infection-prevention-and-control-poster-combined-airborne-and-contact-precautions



VISITOR RESTRICTIONS MAY BE IN PLACE

For all staff

Combined airborne & contact precautions

In addition to standard precautions

Before entering room/care zone



Perform hand hyglene



Put on gown



Put on a particulate respirator (e.g. P2/N95) and perform fit check



Put on protective eyewear



Wear gloves in accordance with standard precautions

with standard precautions

What else can you do to stop the spread of infections?

- Always change gloves and perform hand hygiene between different care activities and when gloves become soiled to prevent cross contamination of body sites
- Consider patient placement
- Minimise patient movement

At doorway prior to leaving room/care zone



Remove and dispose of gloves if worn



Perform hand hygiene



Remove and dispose of gown



Leave the room/care zone



Perform hand hygiene (in an anteroom/outside the room/care zone)



Remove protective eyewear (in an anteroom/outside the room/care zone)



Perform hand hygiene (in an anteroom/outside the room/care zone)



Remove and dispose of particulate respirator (in an anteroom/outside the room/care zone)



Perform hand hygiene

KEEP DOOR CLOSED AT ALL TIMES

AUSTRALIAN COMMISSION
ON SAFETY AND QUALITY IN HEALTH CARE

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- Environmental Cleaning and Infection Prevention and Control www.safetyandquality.gov.au/environmental-cleaning
- Break the chain of infection poster https://www.safetyandquality.gov.au/publications-and-resources/resource-library/break-chain-infection-poster



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